

REPORT ON THE DISASTER RELIEF FUND 2016-17

INTRODUCTION

This report gives an account of the operation of the Disaster Relief Fund in 2016-17.

DISASTER RELIEF FUND

2. The Disaster Relief Fund (the Fund) was established on 1 December 1993 by a resolution made by the Legislative Council (LegCo) under section 29 of the Public Finance Ordinance (PFO). It provides a ready mechanism for Hong Kong to respond swiftly to international appeals for humanitarian aid in relief of disasters that occur outside Hong Kong. The Fund is topped up by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the HKSAR Government) at the start of each financial year and, as necessary, during the financial year, depending on calls for relief and the size of the Fund balance and commitments.

3. As in the case of other funds set up under PFO, the Financial Secretary has been designated as the administrator of the Fund. The Financial Secretary has further delegated the power of administering the Fund to Director of Administration, including the authority to approve each individual disbursement of \$8 million or below. The LegCo Finance Committee's consent is required for each disbursement exceeding \$8 million. The Fund is audited by the Audit Commission annually and the audited accounts are submitted to LegCo for information¹.

4. All grants from the Fund are made on the advice of the Disaster Relief Fund Advisory Committee (the Committee). Established on 1 February 1994, the Committee is chaired by the Chief Secretary for Administration and made up of both official and non-official members. Its purview includes providing advice on the policy and practices regarding the disbursement of funds for disaster relief and the size of grants made to specific recipients, and monitoring the use of grants. The membership of the Committee in 2016-17 is at **Annex A**.

¹ The Director of Audit submits a report on the accounts of the HKSAR Government to LegCo around November every year. The accounts of the Disaster Relief Fund are included in that report.

PERFORMANCE IN 2016-17

The Processing of Grant Applications

5. To enable consistently fair and objective assessment to be made on funding applications, the Committee has devised a set of guidelines and conditions for approving grants. These guidelines and conditions are at **Annex B**.

6. In 2016-17, 22 funding applications (10 in 2015-16) were received from relief organisations. Among them, 20 (nine in 2015-16) were approved and two (one in 2015-16) were rejected. In the reporting period, grants totalling \$54.44 million (\$82.15 million² in 2015-16) were approved for eight relief organisations (six in 2015-16) to conduct relief programmes and the number of beneficiaries was estimated to be around 480 000 (around 170 000³ in 2015-16). The eight organisations which successfully applied for funding were World Vision Hong Kong (five cases), Habitat for Humanity Hong Kong (three cases), Save the Children Hong Kong (three cases), Adventist Development and Relief Agency, China (two cases), Amity Foundation, Hong Kong (two cases), Oxfam Hong Kong (two cases), Plan International Hong Kong (two cases), and Hong Kong Red Cross (one case). A summary of the relief programmes with grants approved is as follows –

<u>Relief programmes for</u>	<u>Grants approved</u>
* cyclone victims in Fiji (one case)	\$2.64 million
* earthquake victims in Ecuador (three cases) ⁴	\$6.20 million
* drought victims in Maharashtra, India (one case)	\$3.88 million
* cyclone victims in Sri Lanka and Bangladesh (four cases)	\$8.77 million
* flood victims in Southern Mainland (five cases) ⁵	\$16.76 million

² Including a donation of \$50 million made at the government-to-government level to the Government of Nepal in connection with the Nepal earthquake.

³ Excluding the number of beneficiaries of the donation made to the Government of Nepal. The Government of Nepal was unable to provide statistics on the beneficiaries of individual donations because all relief contributions were deposited into the Prime Minister Disaster Relief Fund for coordinated use for the purpose of rescue, relief, as well as rehabilitation and restoration work.

⁴ Including an application for grant under the Pilot Scheme on Non-tangible Relief Support.

⁵ Including an application for grant made under the Fast-track Mechanism for Funding Applications.

<u>Relief programmes for</u>	<u>Grants approved</u>
* flood victims in Assam and Bihar, India (three cases)	\$7.12 million
* hurricane victims in Haiti (two cases)	\$6.52 million
* flood victims in Vietnam (one case)	\$2.55 million

A list of programmes with approved grants, related photographs and statistics are at **Annex C**.

Application Processing Time

7. Grants are made from the Fund to provide swift response to international appeals for humanitarian aid for relief to disasters that occur outside Hong Kong. From receipt of full information from the applicant to giving notification of the result, the time for processing an application by the Secretariat of the Committee (the Secretariat) is targeted at within 12 working days. In 2016-17, all applications were processed within the target timeline. The average processing time of the 22 applications from relief organisations was five working days.

Monitoring the Use of Grants

8. The Committee has adopted the following measures to monitor the use of grants –

- (a) the relief organisation is required to lay down a relief schedule setting out, among others, the commencement and completion dates of a programme, and report to the Secretariat the critical programme milestones within one month from the respective scheduled date;
- (b) if the relief organisation has made specific minor variations to an approved relief programme with its delegated authority, it is required to notify the Committee within one month from the effective date of the variations⁶;

⁶ Under the existing system of programme variation, relief organisations can effect minor variations to the approved relief programme in designated aspects under their delegated authority, including an increase in the total number of beneficiaries and/or quantities of the relief items by not more than 20%, provided that the total grant amount remains unchanged.

- (c) save for the aforementioned minor variations, should there be signs of deviation from the approved targets (such as the schedule, relief location and type of relief items), the relief organisation is required to obtain prior approval from the Committee⁷;
- (d) the relief organisation is required to obtain at least three quotations in each procurement exercise to ensure that the procurement of relief materials with the grants is conducted in a fair and open manner;
- (e) the relief organisation is required to display prominently the message that the relief materials are “Funded by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region” or “Funded by the Disaster Relief Fund, Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region”, and provide photographs in the evaluation report as proof of compliance with this requirement; and
- (f) the relief organisation is required to submit an evaluation report and an audited account within six months upon completion of the relief programme. The evaluation report submitted should give an overall assessment of the targets of the programme including the number of beneficiaries and the time needed for delivery of emergency relief.

Processing Applications for Programme Variations

9. From receipt of full information from the applicant to giving notification of the result, the processing time for a major variation application is targeted at within eight working days and within three working days for a minor variation application. In 2016-17, apart from 11 notifications of minor variations effected by relief organisations themselves under their delegated authority, the Committee received three major variation and 21 minor variation applications. All such applications were processed within the target timeline. The average processing time of the three major variation applications was four working days, while that for the 21 minor

⁷ If the organisation needs to effect other minor variations (such as an increase in the total number of beneficiaries and/or quantities of relief items by more than 20%, as well as the extension of programme completion date), and/or major variations (such as a decrease in the total number of beneficiaries and change in target relief locations), prior approval is required.

variation applications was one working day. Since the designated purpose of the grant remained unchanged and the variations were justifiable, all such applications were approved. Of the 11 minor variation cases handled by relief organisations under delegated authority, none exceeded the 20% variation limit.

Evaluation Reports and Audited Accounts from Grant Recipients

10. The Secretariat received and examined a total of 16 evaluation reports with their audited accounts due for submission in 2016-17 (including eight reports in respect of grants approved in 2015-16), and then submitted them to the Committee for information. They were all accepted for meeting the targets⁸ specified below –

- (a) Use of grants – all grants were used for the approved purposes and in compliance with the condition that not more than 5% of an individual grant should be used to cover overheads or other administrative costs. Among the 16 completed relief programmes, 13 recorded a balance of unused grants totalling about \$3.59 million which was returned to the Fund;
- (b) Number of beneficiaries – all programmes achieved the target number of beneficiaries⁸. These 16 relief programmes in aggregate provided emergency relief to some 340 000 disaster victims. The relief items received by the beneficiaries included food (such as rice, cooking oil, beans, seasonings and biscuits), blankets/quilts, floor mats/sleeping mats, mosquito nets, cooking utensils, water tanks/containers, lighting tools, water filters, water purification tablets/solution, hygiene items, household items, clothing, plastic latrines, tarpaulins/tents and temporary shelter materials and tools; and
- (c) Timely completion of the programme – all relief programmes were delivered according to the approved schedules⁹.

These reports are also subject to review by the Audit Commission during the annual audit of the Fund.

⁸ Including the targets prescribed in the guidelines and conditions for the approved grants which were subsequently revised according to the prevailing mechanism due to changes in circumstances.

⁹ Including revised targets subsequently approved.

11. With regard to programmes approved in 2016-17 with evaluation reports and audited accounts due for submission in 2017-18, the Secretariat will closely monitor the situation and thoroughly examine the relevant documents on receipt before submitting them to the Committee for information. The outcome of such examination will be stated in the next annual report of the Fund.

Pilot Scheme on Non-tangible Relief Support

12. To address the need of disaster victims for post-disaster psychological or social support, the Committee has been accepting funding applications through a pilot scheme since 1 January 2016, with a view to funding a maximum of three programmes to provide non-tangible relief support. Such programmes generally seek to provide essential support and services in the course of emergency relief, such as psychological counselling or social support. Prevailing guidelines and conditions for grants from the Fund will continue to apply, and the funding can only be used to meet the expenses of the programme for a limited period of up to three months.

13. By 31 March 2017, the Committee received and approved one funding application for a non-tangible relief programme for earthquake victims in Ecuador. A grant of \$1.50 million was approved for the organisation concerned to set up “child-friendly spaces” in the earthquake-affected area in Ecuador, so as to provide psychosocial support to children and adolescents through activities, as well as child protection trainings to parents and/or caregivers.

14. The pilot scheme will end on 31 December 2017¹⁰. By then, the Committee will examine the evaluation report and audited account submitted by the organisation, and review the pilot scheme to decide if the Fund should be further extended to cover funding for non-tangible relief support.

¹⁰ The end date of the pilot scheme was originally set for 31 December 2016. Given that only one funding application was received and approved at that time, the Committee decided to extend the scheme for one year with a view to processing one to two more funding applications to enable comparison and a more thorough review of the scheme.

Fast-track Mechanism for Funding Applications

15. After consulting relief organisations, the Committee decided to establish the Disaster Relief Fund Fast-track Mechanism for Funding Applications in 2016-17, which aims to allocate a limited amount of grant (not more than \$450,000) through a simplified funding process to enable relief organisations to kick-start their work of providing immediate emergency relief for victims at the initial stage upon the onset of a disaster. The mechanism has been in operation since 13 May 2016. Eligible relief organisations need not prepare detailed proposals for funding application; they are only required to provide basic information on the disaster concerned and the proposed relief programme, and have the application reached the Secretariat within 10 days after the onset of the disaster for approval.

16. By 31 March 2017, the Committee received and approved one funding application under the fast-track mechanism. The organisation concerned was granted \$445,000 to provide rice to flood victims in Guizhou Province in the Mainland. The Committee will conduct a thorough review on the fast-track mechanism after processing one to two more funding applications.

GRANTS APPROVED SINCE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE FUND

Summary

17. From the establishment of the Fund to 31 March 2017, the Committee received a cumulative total of 456 applications by relief organisations for grants from the Fund. Among them, 375 applications amounting to \$893.06 million were approved, representing a success rate of 82.24%. For the remaining 81 applications, 60 (13.16%) were rejected for non-compliance with the guidelines for grants and 21 (4.60%) withdrawn by the relief organisations. In addition, 22 grants amounting to \$994.82 million were made to governments outside Hong Kong. Altogether, 18 relief organisations and nine governments/authorities have received grants totalling \$1,887.88 million from the Fund. The beneficiaries were mostly victims of earthquakes/tsunamis, floods, typhoons/cyclones/hurricanes and droughts/famines. Relevant information and statistics are set out in the ensuing paragraphs.

Distribution of Grants by Recipient

18. Among the 18 relief organisations, the top five recipients of the Fund, namely, World Vision Hong Kong, The Salvation Army, Hong Kong Red Cross, Oxfam Hong Kong and Amity Foundation, Hong Kong, received grants totalling \$719.64 million, accounting for 38.12% of the total amount approved. In the past three financial years, a total of two relief organisations were granted funding from the Fund for the first time, namely CSDCU Education Fund and Plan International Hong Kong. Statistics on distribution of grants by recipient are at **Annex D**.

Distribution of Grants by Beneficiary Country/Region

19. Of the grants approved, 73.02% (\$1,378.44 million) were used for relief programmes in the Mainland, 21.17% (\$399.73 million) for programmes in other places in Asia and the remaining 5.81% (\$109.71 million) for programmes in Africa, Latin America, Oceania and Europe. Statistics on distribution of grants by beneficiary country/region are at **Annex E**.

Distribution of Grants by Nature of Disaster

20. Of the programmes approved on the advice of the Committee, 33.25% (132 cases) were for the relief of flood victims; 33.00% (131 cases) for earthquake/tsunami victims; 13.35% (53 cases) for typhoon/cyclone/hurricane victims; 11.34% (45 cases) for drought/famine victims; 5.79% (23 cases) for snowstorm victims and 3.27% (13 cases) for victims of other disasters. Statistics on distribution of grants by nature of disaster are at **Annex F**.

Secretariat

Disaster Relief Fund Advisory Committee

December 2017

Disaster Relief Fund Advisory Committee
Membership in 2016-17
2016-17 年度賑災基金諮詢委員會
成員名單

Chairman 主席

Chief Secretary for Administration
政務司司長

) *ex-officio*
) 當然委任

Members 委員

Executive Council Members 行政會議成員

The Honourable CHENG Yiu-tong, GBM, GBS, JP
鄭耀棠議員, 大紫荊勳賢, GBS, JP

The Honourable IP Kwok-him, GBM, GBS, JP
葉國謙議員, 大紫荊勳賢, GBS, JP

Legislative Council Members 立法會成員

The Honourable CHEUNG Kwok-che
張國柱議員
(*up to 30 September 2016*)
(至二零一六年九月三十日止)

Dr the Honourable Priscilla LEUNG Mei-fun, SBS, JP
梁美芬議員, SBS, JP
(*up to 30 September 2016*)
(至二零一六年九月三十日止)

Dr the Honourable Helena WONG Pik-wan
黃碧雲議員
(*from 15 November 2016 onwards*)
(由二零一六年十一月十五日起)

The Honourable Kenneth LAU Ip-keung, BBS, MH, JP
劉業強議員, BBS, MH, JP
(*from 15 November 2016 onwards*)
(由二零一六年十一月十五日起)

Other Members 其他成員

Mr Leo KUNG Lin-cheng, BBS, JP
孔令成先生, BBS, JP
(up to 31 December 2016)
(至二零一六年十二月三十一日止)

Dr TIK Chi-yuen, SBS, JP
狄志遠博士, SBS, JP

Mrs Ann KUNG YEUNG Yun-chi
龔楊恩慈女士
(from 1 January 2017 onwards)
(由二零一七年一月一日起)

Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury) *ex-officio*
財經事務及庫務局局長) 當然委任

Secretary for Labour and Welfare) *ex-officio*
勞工及福利局局長) 當然委任

Secretary 秘書

Chief Executive Officer (Administration)1
總行政主任(行政)1

**Guidelines for Grants from the Disaster Relief Fund
(March 2016)**

I. Coverage

- (1) Grants should only be made in cases of a specific disaster¹, not an on-going problem².
- (2) Grants should only be made in cases of disasters of such nature and scale that stimulate a response by the international community.
- (3) The relief support should be confined to time-critical response in the emergency context.

II. Assessment of Proposals

- (4) Grants should be made in response to-
 - (a) an appeal made to the international community by a government or a relief organisation for disaster relief aid in the country or locality concerned; or
 - (b) an application submitted by a locally registered relief organisation³ for a disaster relief project being or to be carried out by the organisation. Retroactive funding is not supported.
- (5) The appeal/application should be based on humanitarian grounds. Political considerations will not be taken into account.
- (6) The appeal/application should have received a measure of public support in Hong Kong.
- (7) Any application by a relief organisation should be supported by a proposal outlining the nature and scale of the aid project, the number and type of beneficiaries and the size of grant required.

¹ Including natural disasters and non-natural catastrophes, e.g. explosion of nuclear/chemical facilities and terrorist attacks causing substantial damages and casualties.

² Such as refugee problems, wars or post-disaster rehabilitation/reconstruction.

³ The relief organisation should be a charitable organisation exempted from tax under Section 88 of the Inland Revenue Ordinance, Cap. 112.

- (8) The relief organisation should have demonstrated a sound track record in providing similar types of disaster relief services and activities.
- (9) The size of the grant should be sufficient to make an impact.
- (10) When there is more than one application of a similar nature and for the same disaster, regard should be given to the likely number of beneficiaries, the promptness with which the relief may be provided and the nature of the relief to be provided.

III. Conditions of Grant

- (11) Individual grants should take the form of one-off cash payments.
- (12) The grant should be given to the government concerned or to a reputable relief organisation in the field.
- (13) Up to 5% of the grant may be used to cover overheads or other administrative costs. The rest should be spent entirely on disaster relief services and activities.
- (14) The government/relief organisation concerned should be required to submit an evaluation report and/or an audited account as appropriate to the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region on the use of the grant within a specified period.

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
GRANTS APPROVED IN 2016-17

賑災基金
2016-17 年度批出款項
1.4.2016-31.3.2017

	Applicant 申請機構	Date of Approval 撥款日期	Beneficiaries 受惠人士	Nature of Programme 項目內容	Relief Areas 賑災地區	Grant Approved 批出款項 (\$million 百萬元) Rounded to two decimal places 約至小數點後兩個位
1	Habitat for Humanity Hong Kong 香港仁人家園	12.4.2016	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Temporary shelter kits and rental of power generators 臨時居所包及租用臨時發電機	Fiji 斐濟	\$2.64
2	Plan International Hong Kong 國際培幼會	17.5.2016	Earthquake victims 地震災民	Food kits 糧食包	Ecuador 厄瓜多爾	\$0.82
3	World Vision Hong Kong 香港世界宣明會	17.5.2016	Earthquake victims 地震災民	Hygiene kits, household kits, tarpaulins, kitchen kits and water kits 衛生包、家庭用品包、防水帆布、廚具包及食水包	Ecuador 厄瓜多爾	\$3.88
4	World Vision Hong Kong 香港世界宣明會	2.6.2016	Drought victims 旱災災民	Food kits and water tanks 糧食包及儲水缸	India - Maharashtra 印度 - 馬哈拉施特拉邦	\$3.88
5	Adventist Development and Relief Agency (China) 安澤國際救援協會(中國)	17.6.2016	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Food kits, hygiene kits and kitchen kits 糧食包、生活和衛生用品包及廚具包	Sri Lanka 斯里蘭卡	\$1.19
6	Adventist Development and Relief Agency (China) 安澤國際救援協會(中國)	17.6.2016	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Food kits and hygiene kits 糧食包及衛生包	Bangladesh 孟加拉	\$2.00
7	Habitat for Humanity Hong Kong 香港仁人家園	23.6.2016	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Temporary shelter kits 臨時居所包	Bangladesh 孟加拉	\$3.32
8	Amity Foundation, Hong Kong 愛德基金會(香港)	24.6.2016	Flood victims 水災災民	Rice 食米	Mainland - Guizhou 內地 - 貴州	\$0.44
9	Save the Children Hong Kong 香港救助兒童會	5.7.2016	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Kitchen kits, hygiene and household kits 廚具包、衛生和家庭用品包	Sri Lanka 斯里蘭卡	\$2.26
10	World Vision Hong Kong 香港世界宣明會	21.7.2016	Earthquake victims 地震災民	Set up child-friendly spaces, provide psychosocial support to children and adolescents through activities, and providing child protection training to parents/caregivers 設立「兒童天地」，透過活動為兒童及青少年提供心理及社會支援，並為家長/照顧者提供保護兒童的培訓	Ecuador 厄瓜多爾	\$1.50
11	World Vision Hong Kong 香港世界宣明會	29.7.2016	Flood victims 水災災民	Rice and quilts 大米及棉被	Mainland - Hunan, Hubei and Anhui 內地 - 湖南、湖北及安徽	\$5.00
12	Oxfam Hong Kong 樂施會	29.7.2016	Flood victims 水災災民	Rice and quilts 大米及棉被	Mainland - Guizhou and Hunan 內地 - 貴州及湖南	\$1.00
13	Amity Foundation, Hong Kong 愛德基金會(香港)	5.8.2016	Flood victims 水災災民	Rice, cooking oil, quilts and mosquito nets 大米、食油、棉被及蚊帳	Mainland - Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, Hunan, Anhui and Yunnan 內地 - 廣西壯族自治區、湖南、安徽及雲南	\$6.31
14	Save the Children Hong Kong 香港救助兒童會	11.8.2016	Flood victims 水災災民	Hygiene kits 衛生包	Mainland - Hubei 內地 - 湖北	\$4.01
15	Oxfam Hong Kong 樂施會	22.8.2016	Flood victims 水災災民	Hygiene kits, temporary shelter and household kits 衛生包、臨時居所及家庭用品包	India - Assam 印度 - 阿薩姆邦	\$3.49
16	Hong Kong Red Cross 香港紅十字會	15.9.2016	Flood victims 水災災民	Temporary shelter and household kits 臨時居所及家庭用品包	India - Bihar 印度 - 比哈爾邦	\$1.34
17	Save the Children Hong Kong 香港救助兒童會	26.9.2016	Flood victims 水災災民	Food kits, kitchen kits, hygiene kits, temporary shelter and household kits 糧食包、廚具包、衛生包、臨時居所及家庭用品包	India - Assam and Bihar 印度 - 阿薩姆邦及比哈爾邦	\$2.29
18	World Vision Hong Kong 香港世界宣明會	2.11.2016	Hurricane victims 風災災民	Hygiene kits, household kits, kitchen kits and water kits 衛生包、家庭用品包、廚具包及食水包	Haiti 海地	\$6.00
19	Plan International Hong Kong 國際培幼會	2.12.2016	Hurricane victims 風災災民	Hygiene kits 衛生包	Haiti 海地	\$0.52
20	Habitat for Humanity Hong Kong 香港仁人家園	22.12.2016	Flood victims 水災災民	Water and sanitation kits 食水和衛生包	Vietnam 越南	\$2.55
					Grand Total 總數	\$54.44

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
PHOTOGRAPHS OF PROGRAMMES APPROVED IN 2016-17

賑災基金
2016-17 年度獲撥款賑災計劃的相片

Cyclone in Fiji 斐濟風災



The relief organisation delivered temporary shelter materials and tools to affected villages.
救援機構把搭建臨時居所的物料及工具運送至受災村落。

Earthquake in Ecuador 厄瓜多爾地震



Under the Pilot Scheme on Non-tangible Relief Support, “Child-friendly Spaces” were set up by the relief organisation to provide post-disaster psychosocial support to victims.
在「實物以外災後支援先導計劃」下，救援機構設置了「兒童天地」，為災民提供災後心理及社會支援。



The relief organisation verified the identity of disaster victims and distributed relief items.
 救援機構為災民核實身份及派發救援物資。

Drought in Maharashtra, India 印度馬哈拉施特拉邦旱災



At the disaster-affected area, the relief organisation posted up a relief item list containing a variety of foods, cooking oil and water tanks.
 救援機構在災區張示賑災物資清單，當中包括各項糧油食品及儲水缸。

Cyclone in Sri Lanka and Bangladesh 斯里蘭卡及孟加拉風災



Staff of the relief organisation was handling procurement documentation and distribution work.
 救援機構人員處理物資採購文件及派發工作。

Floods in Southern Mainland 內地南方水災



Through the Disaster Relief Fund Fast-track Mechanism for Funding Applications, the relief organisation received a grant to kick-start their initial stage of relief work. In the immediate aftermath of flooding when road traffic was affected by landslides, the relief organisation defied all the odds to deliver relief materials to victims in the mountainous area.

救援機構透過「賑災基金快速審批撥款申請機制」獲得撥款進行首階段的賑災工作。水災初期，交通受山泥傾瀉影響，救援機構排除萬難，務求把物資第一時間送予山區災民。



A relief organisation worker was explaining the item distribution arrangements to a victim.
救援機構人員向災民解釋賑災物資發放安排。



A beneficiary household showed a quilt distributed with grant from the Disaster Relief Fund during a return visit.

回訪過程中受益戶展示以賑災基金撥款派發的棉被。

Floods in Assam and Bihar, India 印度阿薩姆邦及比哈爾邦水災



The ground was muddy when the flood receded. The victims were waiting in an orderly manner for relief organisations to distribute household items.

洪水退卻後，地面一片泥濘。水災災民有秩序地等候救援機構派發家庭用品。

Hurricane in Haiti 海地風災



The relief organisation pre-packed relief materials so that the victims can carry them more easily.

救援機構把物資預先分配好，方便災民領取。

Floods in Vietnam 越南水災



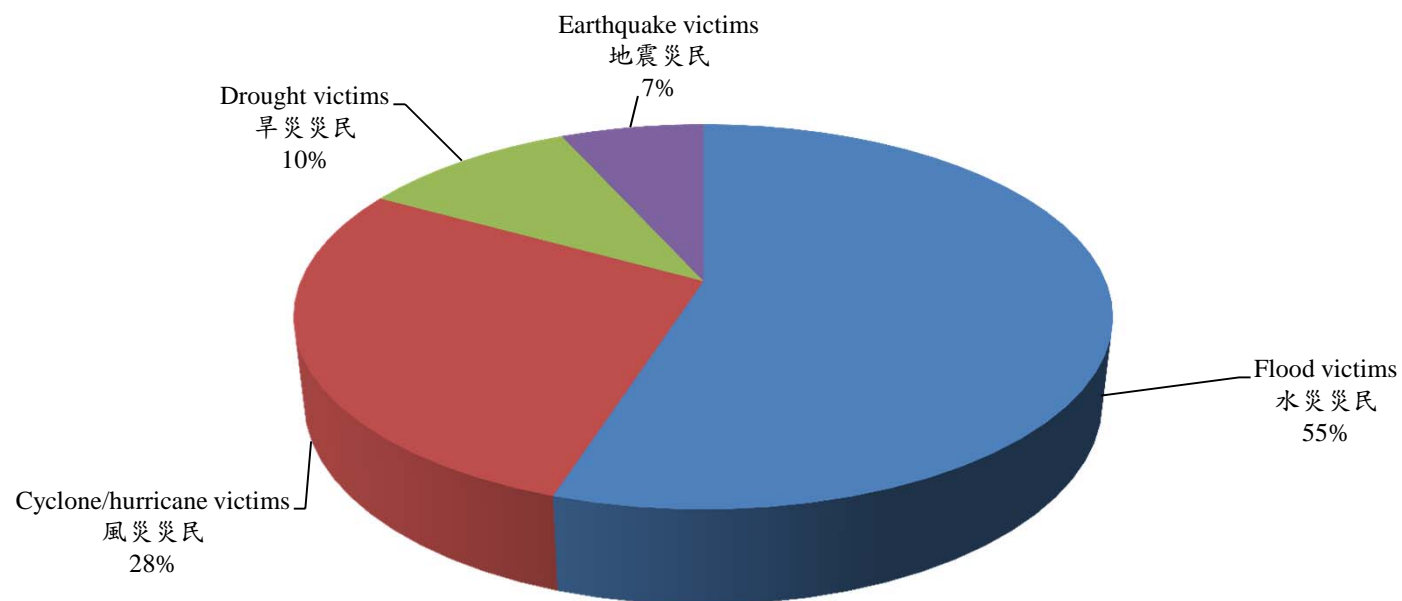
Disaster victims were briefed on the correct way to filter water by the relief organisation before distribution of water and sanitation items.

救援機構向災民派發食水及衛生用品前，講解正確的濾水方法。

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
RATIO OF BENEFICIARIES BY NATURE OF DISASTER FOR GRANTS APPROVED IN 2016-17
(AS AT 31 MARCH 2017)

賑災基金

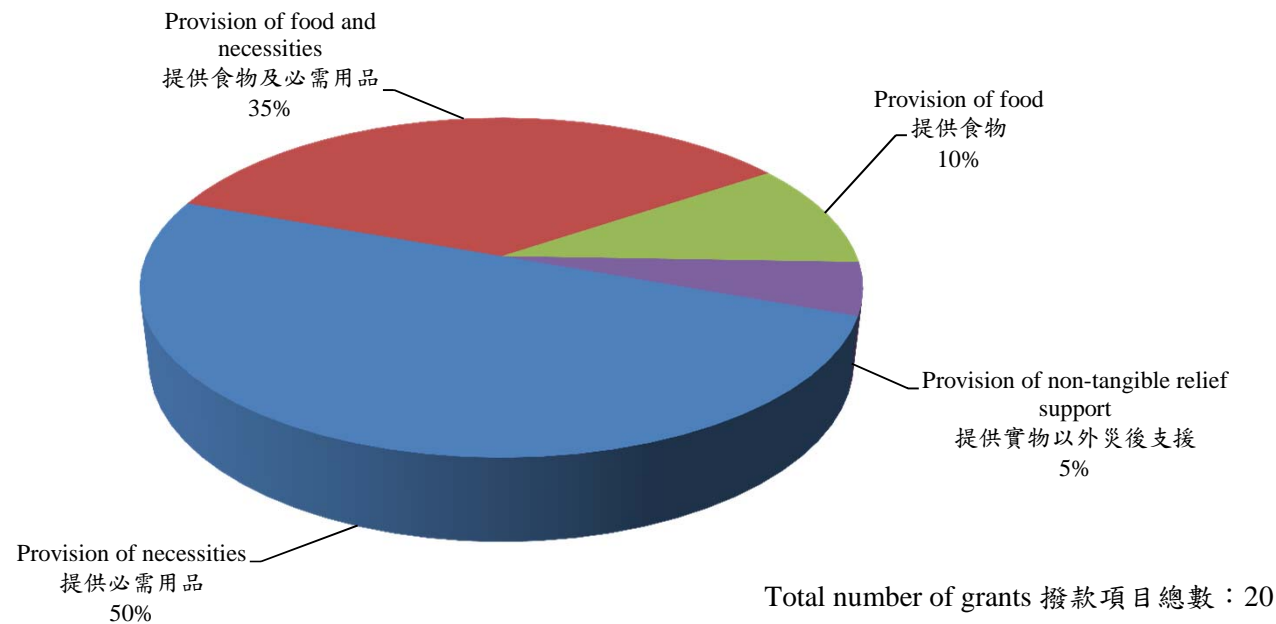
2016-17年度批出款項按災禍類別劃分的受惠人士比率
(截至2017年3月31日)



Total estimated number of beneficiaries : Around 480 000

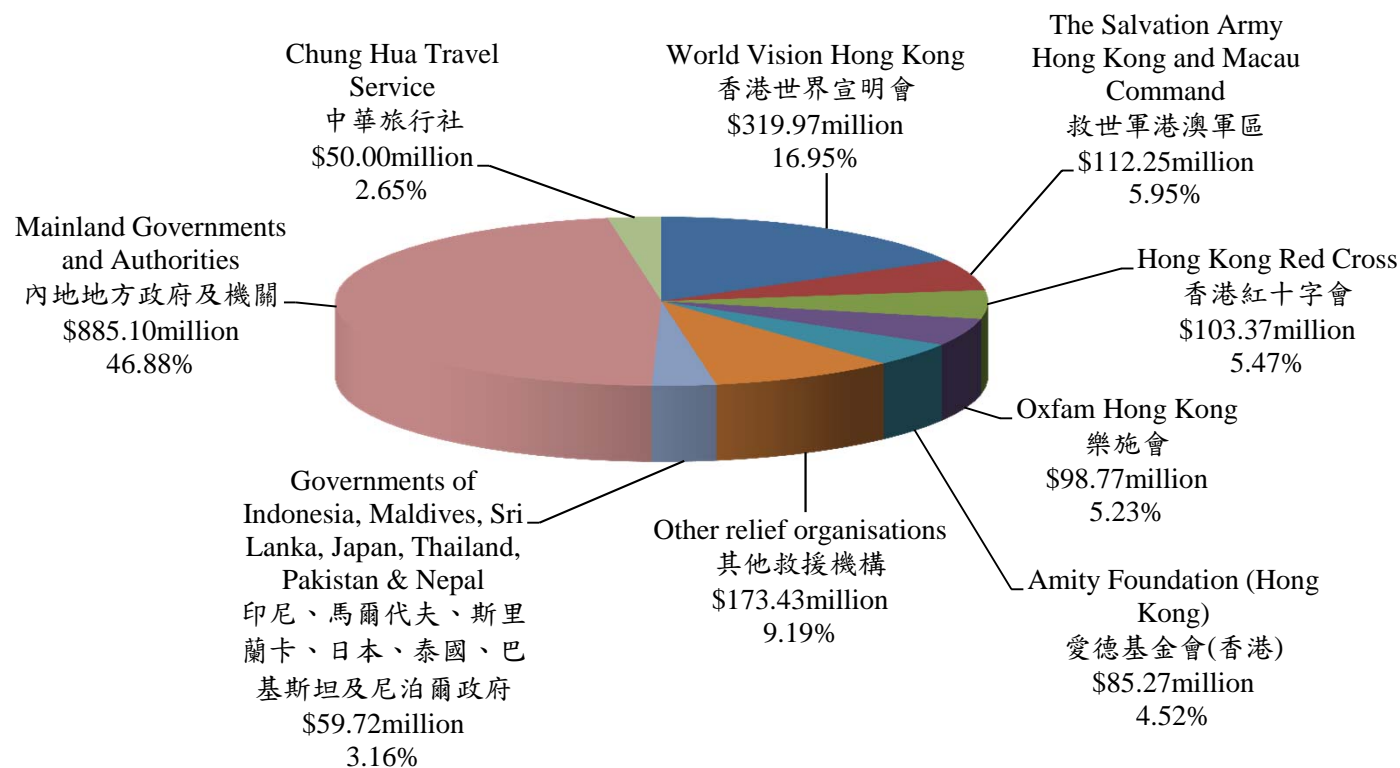
預計受惠人士總數：約四十八萬人次

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
NATURE OF PROGRAMMES APPROVED IN 2016-17
(AS AT 31 MARCH 2017)
賑災基金
2016-17年度獲撥款賑災計劃的項目內容
(截至2017年3月31日)



Food items include rice, flour, noodles, cooking oil, beans, sugar, salt, spices, biscuits and canned food, etc..
食物包括食米、麵粉、麵條、食油、豆、糖、鹽、香料、餅乾及罐頭食品等。

Necessities include tarpaulins, mosquito nets, quilts, hygiene items, household items, kitchen utensils, water tanks/containers, water filters, water purification materials, as well as temporary shelter materials and tools, etc..
必需用品包括防水帆布、蚊帳、棉被、衛生用品、家居用品、廚具、水缸／盛水器、濾水器、淨水物資，以及搭建臨時居所的物料及工具等。



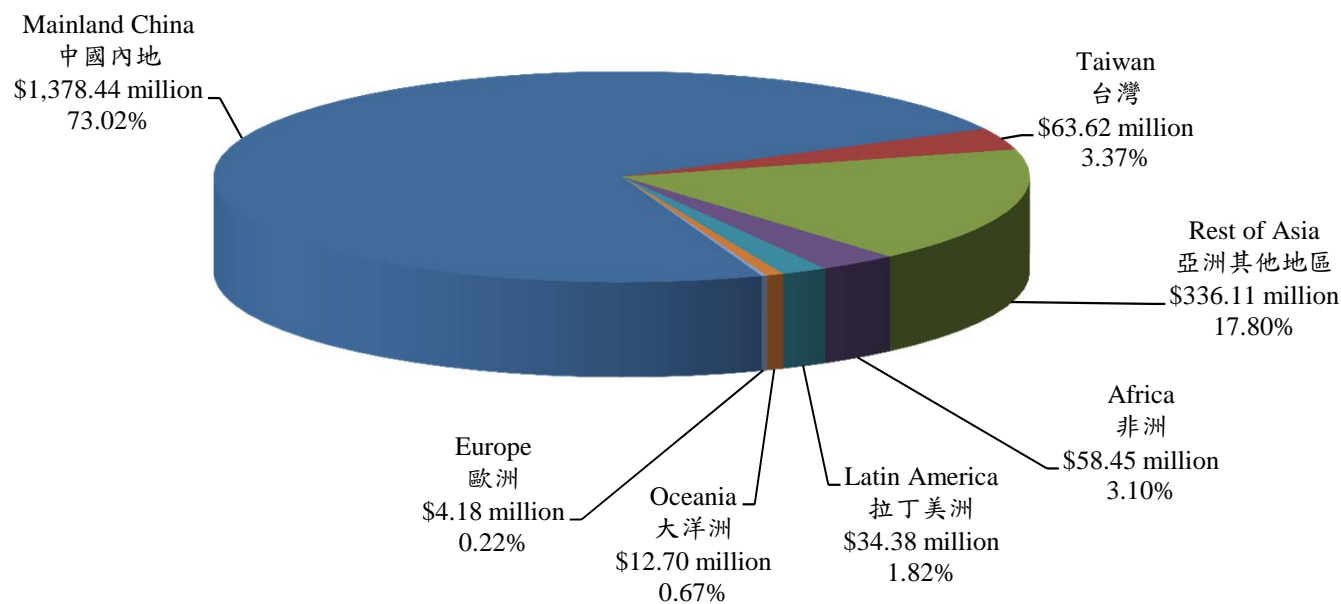
* The other relief organisations are Adventist Development and Relief Agency (China), The Association of Chinese Evangelical Ministry, CEDAR Fund, CSDCU Education Fund, Habitat for Humanity Hong Kong, Hong Kong Committee for United Nations Children's Fund, Jian Hua Foundation, Medecins Sans Frontieres, Mercy Corps, Operation Blessing Hong Kong, Plan International Hong Kong, Save the Children Hong Kong and Social Workers Across Borders.

*其他救援機構包括安澤國際救援協會(中國)、中國福音事工促進會、施達基金會、懲教社教育基金、香港仁人家園、聯合國兒童基金香港委員會、建華基金會、無國界醫生、國際美慈組織、慈福行動、國際培幼會、香港救助兒童會及無國界社工。

Total grant: \$1,887.88 million
撥款總額：18.8788 億元

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
DISTRIBUTION OF GRANTS BY BENEFICIARY COUNTRY/REGION
SINCE ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND
(AS AT 31 March 2017)

賑災基金
自基金成立以來按受助國家/地區劃分的撥款
(截至2017年3月31日)



Total grant: \$1,887.88 million
撥款總額：18.8788 億元

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
NUMBER OF PROGRAMMES APPROVED BY NATURE OF DISASTER
SINCE ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND
(AS AT 31 MARCH 2017)

Annex 附件 F

賑災基金
自基金成立以來按災禍類別劃分的撥款
(截至2017年3月31日)

項目總數：397